

**TOWN OF EDENTON,  
NORTH CAROLINA**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023**

**MAYOR**

Jimmy Stalling

**COMMISSIONERS**

Elton Bond, Jr (Mayor Pro-Tem)

Roger Coleman

Aaron Coston

Sambo Dixon

Hackney High, Jr

Craig Miller

**TOWN MANAGER**

Corey Gooden

**FINANCE OFFICER**

Virginia Smith

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## FINANCIAL SECTION



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## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and  
Members of the Town Council  
Edenton, North Carolina

### **Report on the Audit of Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Edenton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Edenton's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based upon our audit, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Edenton as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows (where applicable), thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Edenton and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## ***Responsibilities of Management for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raises substantial doubt about the Town of Edenton's ability to continue as a going concern for the twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect material statement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* we

- exercised professional judgement and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsible to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Edenton's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Edenton's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Other Postemployment Benefits and Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Funding Progress and Employer Contribution, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Edenton's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, other schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards

are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

**Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2023, on our consideration of the Town of Edenton's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Edenton's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Edenton's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA*

*Wilmington, North Carolina*

*October 26, 2023*

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Edenton, we offer readers of the Town of Edenton's (the "Town") financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

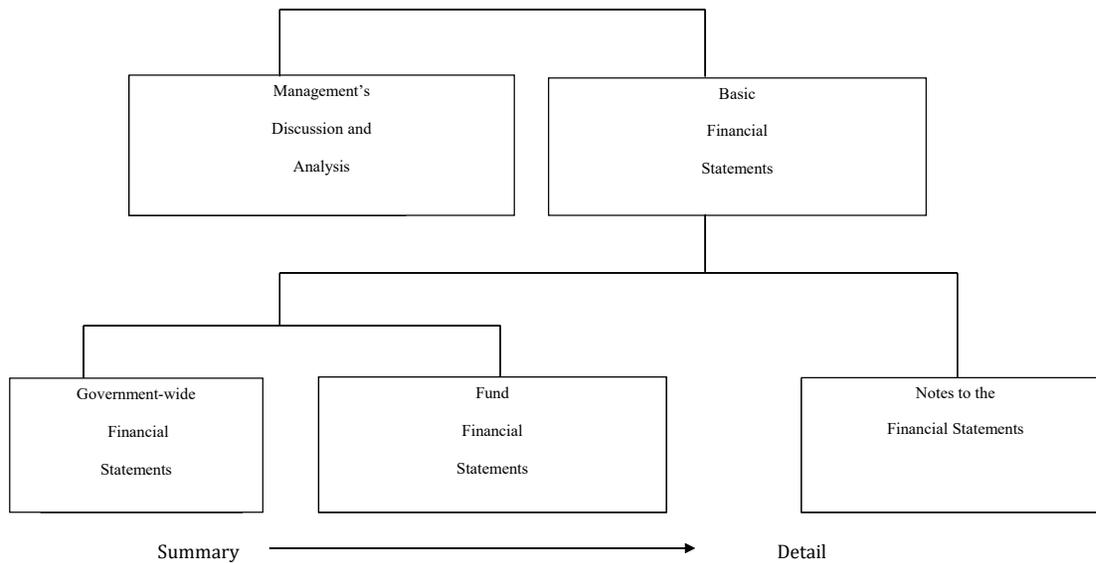
### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Edenton exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$22,542,050 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$1,159,131 primarily due to increased net position in governmental type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Edenton's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,338,164, after a net increase in fund balance of \$104,313. Approximately 23% of this total amount, or \$1,012,970, is restricted or non-spendable.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,310,296 or 31% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The Town of Edenton's total debt increased by \$662,651 during the current fiscal year.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Edenton's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Edenton.

**Required Components of Annual Financial Report**  
**Figure 1**



## Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1&2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3-9) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the government fund statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements for major governmental funds; and 3) the proprietary governmental funds statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's major and non-major governmental funds, all of which are added together in one column on the basic financial statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Following the notes is the required supplemental information. This section contains funding information about the Town's pension and benefit plans.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those where services are provided and customers are charged for those services. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer, electric, and airport services offered by the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

## Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Edenton, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the North Carolina General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental Funds** – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in the governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a current financial focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Edenton adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds** - The Town has three kind of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity, its electric operations, and its airport services. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other Information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Edenton's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees.

**Interdependence with Other Entities** - The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the Federal Government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to Federal and State laws and Federal and State appropriations.

**Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

**The Town of Edenton's Net Position**  
**Figure 2**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 4,834,075	\$ 5,264,546	\$ 3,010,638	\$ 3,717,288	\$ 7,844,713	\$ 8,981,834
Capital assets	9,462,527	7,539,067	20,016,419	18,973,436	29,478,946	26,512,503
Total assets	<u>14,296,602</u>	<u>12,803,613</u>	<u>23,027,057</u>	<u>22,690,724</u>	<u>37,323,659</u>	<u>35,494,337</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	1,896,310	1,520,762	845,414	642,082	2,741,724	2,162,844
Current liabilities	964,140	1,559,896	1,498,515	1,272,988	2,462,655	2,832,884
Long-term liabilities	7,477,045	6,289,432	7,001,490	5,773,512	14,478,535	12,062,944
Total liabilities	<u>8,441,185</u>	<u>7,849,328</u>	<u>8,500,005</u>	<u>7,046,500</u>	<u>16,941,190</u>	<u>14,895,828</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	431,671	944,828	150,472	433,606	582,143	1,378,434
Net Position:						
Net investment						
in capital assets	5,552,986	3,563,642	14,414,806	14,100,358	19,967,792	17,664,000
Transportation	93,792	57,314	-	-	93,792	57,314
Stabilization by State Statute	883,185	739,249	-	-	883,185	739,249
Unrestricted	790,093	1,170,014	807,188	1,752,342	1,597,281	2,922,356
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,320,056</u>	<u>\$ 5,530,219</u>	<u>\$ 15,221,994</u>	<u>\$ 15,852,700</u>	<u>\$ 22,542,050</u>	<u>\$ 21,382,919</u>

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Edenton exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$22,542,050 as of June 30, 2023. Current and other assets decreased by \$1,137,121 from the prior year. A significant contributing factor to the decrease was the purchasing of new fixed assets. The Town's net position increased by \$1,159,131 in the same period. One of the largest portions \$19,967,792 (89%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Edenton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Edenton's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Current liabilities decreased by \$370,229 from the prior year. The main factor causing the decrease was the decrease in liabilities to be paid from restricted assets.

Long-term liabilities which include bonds, notes, compensated absences, pension, and postemployment obligations of the primary governments increased by \$2,415,591. The main cause of the increase was the issuance of a \$1,013,258 installment purchase obligation, and an increase of a \$2,175,540 for the Town's net pension liability for the Local Government Employees' Retirement System. The overall increase in long-term liabilities were partially offset by the reduction of bonds payable based on the debt service principal payments made during the current year.

An additional portion of the Town of Edenton's net position \$976,977 (4%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,597,281 (7%) is unrestricted.

Several aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 98.18%.

**The Town of Edenton  
Changes in Net Position  
Figure 3**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
<b>Revenues:</b>						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 1,840,327	\$ 1,220,655	\$ 15,273,792	\$ 15,527,716	\$ 17,114,119	\$ 16,748,371
Operating grants and contributions	813,359	1,016,977	306,033	495,338	1,119,392	1,512,315
Capital grants and contributions	1,884,922	224,000	-	-	1,884,922	224,000
General revenues:						
Property taxes	2,879,551	2,181,788	-	-	2,879,551	2,181,788
Other taxes	1,824,058	1,729,286	-	-	1,824,058	1,729,286
Other	196,574	33,853	134,046	278,373	330,620	312,226
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>9,438,791</b>	<b>6,406,559</b>	<b>15,713,871</b>	<b>16,301,427</b>	<b>25,152,662</b>	<b>22,707,986</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>						
General government	901,990	872,562	-	-	901,990	872,562
Public Safety	1,332,340	2,601,726	-	-	1,332,340	2,601,726
Transportation	1,612,627	966,244	-	-	1,612,627	966,244
Environmental protection	1,450,773	1,020,055	-	-	1,450,773	1,020,055
Economic and physical development	2,320,904	891,881	-	-	2,320,904	891,881
Cultural and recreation	-	53,545	-	-	-	53,545
Interest on long-term debt	80,273	59,362	-	-	80,273	59,362
Airport	-	-	522,512	507,529	522,512	507,529
Water and sewer	-	-	3,089,398	2,645,300	3,089,398	2,645,300
Electric	-	-	12,682,714	12,227,963	12,682,714	12,227,963
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>7,698,907</b>	<b>6,465,375</b>	<b>16,294,624</b>	<b>15,380,792</b>	<b>23,993,531</b>	<b>21,846,167</b>
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers and special items	1,739,884	(58,816)	(580,753)	920,635	1,159,131	861,819
Transfers	49,953	332,293	(49,953)	(332,293)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	1,789,837	273,477	(630,706)	588,342	1,159,131	861,819
Net position, beginning	5,530,219	5,256,742	15,852,700	15,264,358	21,382,919	20,521,100
Net position, ending	<b>\$ 7,320,056</b>	<b>\$ 5,530,219</b>	<b>\$ 15,221,994</b>	<b>\$ 15,852,700</b>	<b>\$ 22,542,050</b>	<b>\$ 21,382,919</b>

**Governmental activities:** Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$1,789,837.

**Business-type activities:** Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$630,706.

### Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Edenton's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's fund balance available in the General Fund was \$2,310,296 while total fund balance reached \$3,314,557. The Town currently has an unassigned fund balance of 31% of General Fund expenditures while total fund balance represents 44% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of the Town reported a combined fund balance of \$4,338,164, a \$104,313 increase over last year.

Like governmental activities, the General Fund also had increased property tax revenues because of the increased property valuation used for the calculation of the current year tax levy. During the current year the Town of Edenton enhanced its tax collection policies and procedures. The effort focused on the collection of prior year unpaid taxes. On the accrual basis used for government-wide financial statements the taxes were previously recognized as revenue in the period they were intended to finance. However, on the modified accrual basis used for governmental fund financial statements property tax revenues must be available to be recognized as revenue. The unpaid taxes of prior year only become available when they are actually collected. The enhanced collection efforts in the current year resulted in the collection and recognition of revenue of approximately \$22,578.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

**Proprietary Funds:** The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Electric Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$505,117, the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$666,030, and those for the Airport Fund amounted to (\$363,959).

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

**Capital assets.** The Town of Edenton's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, totals \$29,478,946 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital assets transactions during the year include:

- New Pierce pumper truck in Fire Department
- Several new equipments in general, water and sewer, and electric funds
- Construction in progress - general fund, airport fund, and water fund projects

**The Town of Edenton's Capital Assets  
(net of depreciation)  
Figure 4**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Land	\$ 1,403,409	\$ 1,403,409	\$ 105,758	\$ 105,758	\$ 1,509,167	\$ 1,509,167
Infrastructure	2,026,237	2,103,001	-	-	2,026,237	2,103,001
Runways	-	-	892,165	1,053,095	892,165	1,053,095
Buildings	2,452,207	2,518,146	489,861	406,495	2,942,068	2,924,641
Plant distribution and system	-	-	10,253,916	6,718,391	10,253,916	6,718,391
Neighborhood redevelopment program	-	-	10,049	10,677	10,049	10,677
Equipment	283,892	327,166	708,739	553,364	992,631	880,530
Vehicles	1,378,946	566,037	449,181	911,912	1,828,127	1,477,949
Construction in progress	1,917,836	621,308	7,106,750	9,213,744	9,024,586	9,835,052
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 9,462,527</b>	<b>\$ 7,539,067</b>	<b>\$ 20,016,419</b>	<b>\$ 18,973,436</b>	<b>\$ 29,478,946</b>	<b>\$ 26,512,503</b>

Additional information on the Town of Edenton's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt.** As of June 30, 2023, the Town of Edenton had total debt outstanding of \$3,909,541 in the Governmental Funds and \$5,601,613 in the Enterprise Funds.

**The Town of Edenton's Outstanding Debt**  
**Figure 5**

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Installment purchases	\$ 3,909,541	\$ 3,975,425	\$ 1,950,712	\$ 1,111,061	\$ 5,860,253	\$ 5,086,486
Sewer Revolving Loan	-	-	935,000	990,000	935,000	990,000
Water Tank Rehabilitation Loan	-	-	269,901	276,017	269,901	276,017
Water Treatment Plant Bond	-	-	2,446,000	2,496,000	2,446,000	2,496,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 3,909,541</b>	<b>\$ 3,975,425</b>	<b>\$ 5,601,613</b>	<b>\$ 4,873,078</b>	<b>\$ 9,511,154</b>	<b>\$ 8,848,503</b>

The Town of Edenton's total debt increased by \$662,651 during the past fiscal year. More detailed information on the Town of Edenton's long-term debt and capital asset activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

**Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The Town continues to support the Chowan County Tourism Development Authority and the efforts to promote Edenton as a travel destination and a community of value to retirees. The ECP continues to work with consultants trying to attract investment in a care retirement community. Such a facility would increase Edenton's appeal as a retirement destination.
- The Town is making great progress implementing the goals and objects of the Moseley Street and North Oakum Street neighborhood redevelopment plans in distressed neighborhoods to combat blight that exists due to vacant and abandoned housing.
- The local economy appears to be stable, but like most rural towns in North Carolina, the economy is growing at an extremely slow rate. The business climate is improving for our local manufacturers.

**Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024**

**Governmental Activities**

Property taxes are expected to remain the same as the current tax rate. The Town will use increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place. No new revenues are anticipated and other current sources remain constant. Management continually seeks grants and funding from outside sources to supplement the Town's revenue streams.

**Business-type Activities**

The water and sewer rates in the Town were left unchanged for the coming year.

**Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town of Edenton's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, Town of Edenton, Post Office Box 300, Edenton, North Carolina 27932 or by email via virginia.smith@edenton.nc.gov.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2023**

	Primary Government		Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,708,954	\$ 1,459,419	\$ 5,168,373
Taxes receivable, net	96,718	-	96,718
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	15,433	-	15,433
Accounts receivable, net	510,814	427,209	938,023
Internal balances	372,371	(372,371)	-
Inventories	35,993	1,198,075	1,234,068
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	93,792	298,306	392,098
Total current assets	<u>4,834,075</u>	<u>3,010,638</u>	<u>7,844,713</u>
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	3,321,245	7,212,508	10,533,753
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	6,141,282	12,803,911	18,945,193
Total capital assets	<u>9,462,527</u>	<u>20,016,419</u>	<u>29,478,946</u>
Total assets	<u>14,296,602</u>	<u>23,027,057</u>	<u>37,323,659</u>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Pension deferrals	1,456,748	628,912	2,085,660
OPEB deferrals	439,562	216,502	656,064
Total deferrals outflows of resources	<u>1,896,310</u>	<u>845,414</u>	<u>2,741,724</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	379,509	885,030	1,264,539
Unearned revenue	4,250	-	4,250
Accrued interest payable	80,158	6,011	86,169
Customer deposits	-	298,306	298,306
Compensated absences, current	45,150	23,065	68,215
Installment notes payable, current	455,073	286,103	741,176
Total current liabilities	<u>964,140</u>	<u>1,498,515</u>	<u>2,462,655</u>
Long term Liabilities:			
Installment notes payable	3,454,468	5,315,510	8,769,978
Compensated absences	180,598	92,255	272,853
Net pension liability	2,038,542	959,313	2,997,855
Total pension liability (LEO)	515,388	-	515,388
Total OPEB liability	1,288,049	634,412	1,922,461
Total long-term liabilities	<u>7,477,045</u>	<u>7,001,490</u>	<u>14,478,535</u>
Total liabilities	<u>8,441,185</u>	<u>8,500,005</u>	<u>16,941,190</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Pension deferrals	171,551	22,353	193,904
OPEB deferrals	260,120	128,119	388,239
Total deferrals inflows of resources	<u>431,671</u>	<u>150,472</u>	<u>582,143</u>
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	5,552,986	14,414,806	19,967,792
Restricted:			
Transportation	93,792	-	93,792
Stabilization by State Statue	883,185	-	883,185
Unrestricted	790,093	807,188	1,597,281
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,320,056</u>	<u>\$ 15,221,994</u>	<u>\$ 22,542,050</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Statement of Activities  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		Total
					Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
<b>Primary government:</b>							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 901,990	\$ 1,701,890	\$ 599,724	\$ 1,769,545	\$ 3,169,169	\$ -	\$ 3,169,169
Public safety	1,332,340	-	-	-	(1,332,340)	-	(1,332,340)
Transportation	1,612,627	138,437	35,000	115,377	(1,323,813)	-	(1,323,813)
Environmental protection	1,450,773	-	178,635	-	(1,272,138)	-	(1,272,138)
Economic and physical development	2,320,904	-	-	-	(2,320,904)	-	(2,320,904)
Interest on long-term debt	80,273	-	-	-	(80,273)	-	(80,273)
Total governmental activities	<u>7,698,907</u>	<u>1,840,327</u>	<u>813,359</u>	<u>1,884,922</u>	<u>(3,160,299)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,160,299)</u>
Business-type activities:							
Airport	522,512	317,040	306,033	-	-	100,561	100,561
Electric	12,682,714	12,066,992	-	-	-	(615,722)	(615,722)
Water and Sewer	3,089,398	2,889,760	-	-	-	(199,638)	(199,638)
Total business-type activities	<u>16,294,624</u>	<u>15,273,792</u>	<u>306,033</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(714,799)</u>	<u>(714,799)</u>
	<u>\$ 23,993,531</u>	<u>\$ 17,114,119</u>	<u>\$ 1,119,392</u>	<u>\$ 1,884,922</u>	<u>(3,160,299)</u>	<u>(714,799)</u>	<u>(3,875,098)</u>
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes, levied for general purpose					2,879,551	-	2,879,551
Local option sales tax					1,632,130	-	1,632,130
Other taxes and licenses					191,928	-	191,928
Investment earnings, unrestricted					178,708	4,235	182,943
Miscellaneous					-	129,811	129,811
Sale of capital assets					17,866	-	17,866
Transfers					49,953	(49,953)	-
Total general revenues					<u>4,950,136</u>	<u>84,093</u>	<u>5,034,229</u>
Change in net position					1,789,837	(630,706)	1,159,131
Net position, beginning					5,530,219	15,852,700	21,382,919
Net position, ending					<u>\$ 7,320,056</u>	<u>\$ 15,221,994</u>	<u>\$ 22,542,050</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Balance Sheet  
Governmental Funds  
June 30, 2023**

	<u>Major</u>		<u>NonMajor</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Governmental Special Project</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	
<b>ASSETS</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,585,263	1,119,473	\$ 4,217	\$ 3,708,953
Restricted cash	93,792	-	-	93,792
Taxes receivable, net	96,718	-	-	96,718
Inventories	35,993	-	-	35,993
Due from other funds	372,371	-	-	372,371
Accounts receivable, net	502,105	8,618	91	510,814
Total assets	<u>3,686,242</u>	<u>1,128,091</u>	<u>4,308</u>	<u>4,818,641</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b>				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	274,967	-	104,542	379,509
Unearned revenue	-	-	4,250	4,250
Total liabilities	<u>274,967</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>108,792</u>	<u>383,759</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>				
Property taxes receivable	96,718	-	-	96,718
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>96,718</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>96,718</u>
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable				
Inventories	35,993	-	-	35,993
Restricted				
Stabilization by State Statue	874,476	8,618	91	883,185
Transportation	93,792	-	-	93,792
Unassigned	2,310,296	1,119,473	(104,575)	3,325,194
Total fund balances	<u>3,314,557</u>	<u>1,128,091</u>	<u>(104,484)</u>	<u>4,338,164</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 3,686,242</u>	<u>\$ 1,128,091</u>	<u>\$ 4,308</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not reported in the funds	1,896,310
Liabilities for earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.	96,718
Other long- term assets (accrued interest receivable from taxes) are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not accrued as income in the funds.	15,433
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	9,462,527
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are not reported in the funds	(431,671)
Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the addition of long-term debt and principal payments during the year.)	(4,135,288)
Other long-term liabilities (accrued interest) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(80,158)
Net OPEB liability.	(1,288,049)
Net pension liability - LEOSSA.	(515,388)
Net pension liability - LGERS.	<u>(2,038,542)</u>
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 7,320,056</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Major		Non-Major	Total
	General Fund	Governmental Special Project	Other Governmental Funds	
<b>REVENUES</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,852,351	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,852,351
Other taxes and licenses	191,928	-	-	191,928
Restricted intergovernmental	738,161	454,893	1,643,664	2,836,718
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,632,130	-	-	1,632,130
Permits and fees	80,701	-	-	80,701
Sales and services	1,621,189	-	-	1,621,189
Investment earnings	178,642	-	-	178,642
Total revenues	7,295,102	454,893	1,643,664	9,393,659
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>				
Current:				
General government	927,962	-	-	927,962
Public safety	3,117,471	-	-	3,117,471
Transportation and utilities	1,477,279	-	-	1,477,279
Environmental protection	1,360,770	-	-	1,360,770
Economic and physical development	75,617	2,013,114	232,173	2,320,904
Debt service:				
Principal	428,797	-	-	428,797
Interest	86,961	-	-	86,961
Total expenditures	7,474,857	2,013,114	232,173	9,720,144
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(179,755)	(1,558,221)	1,411,491	(326,485)
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>				
Sale of capital assets	17,866	-	-	17,866
Installment purchase obligations	184,076	178,837	-	362,913
Interest income	-	66	-	66
Transfer from other funds	704,188	1,664,735	-	2,368,923
Transfer to other funds	(969,500)	-	(1,349,470)	(2,318,970)
Total other financing sources and uses	(63,370)	1,843,638	(1,349,470)	430,798
Net change in fund balance	(243,125)	285,417	62,021	104,313
Fund balances-beginning	3,557,682	842,674	(166,505)	4,233,851
Fund balances-ending	\$ 3,314,557	\$ 1,128,091	\$ (104,484)	\$ 4,338,164

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance**  
**Governmental Funds**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balance - total government funds \$ 104,313

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays increases exceeded the book value of capital outlay decreases in fiscal year.

Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	2,480,331	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	<u>(556,871)</u>	1,923,460

Benefits payments paid and administrative expense for the LEOSSA are not included on the Statement of Activities		43,165
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OPEB benefit payments and administrative costs made in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		52,364
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Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		360,097
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Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		27,200
--	--	--------

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

New long-term debt issued	(362,913)	
Principal payments on long-term debt	428,797	
(Increase)/decrease in accrued interest payable	<u>6,688</u>	72,572

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	(23,596)	
Pension expenses	(631,304)	
OPEB expense	<u>(138,434)</u>	(793,334)

Total changes in net position of governmental activities		<u><u>\$ 1,789,837</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -**  
**Budget and Actual - General Fund**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	General Fund			Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 2,555,273	\$ 2,555,273	\$ 2,852,351	\$ 297,078
Other taxes and licenses	150,000	150,000	191,928	41,928
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	726,797	726,797	738,161	11,364
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues	1,402,077	1,485,077	1,632,130	147,053
Permits and fees	44,700	57,065	80,701	23,636
Sales and services	1,573,569	1,573,569	1,621,189	47,620
Investment earnings	1,408	100,509	178,642	78,133
Total revenues	<u>6,453,824</u>	<u>6,648,290</u>	<u>7,295,102</u>	<u>646,812</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
<b>Current:</b>				
General government	907,167	941,581	927,962	13,619
Public safety	2,889,993	3,218,244	3,117,471	100,773
Transportation and utilities	1,191,871	1,492,529	1,477,279	15,250
Environmental protection	1,250,700	1,370,871	1,360,770	10,101
Economic and physical development	64,000	83,990	75,617	8,373
<b>Debt service:</b>				
Principal retirement	841,378	435,654	428,797	6,857
Interest and other charges	-	105,411	86,961	18,450
Total expenditures	<u>7,145,109</u>	<u>7,648,280</u>	<u>7,474,857</u>	<u>173,423</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(691,285)	(999,990)	(179,755)	820,235
<b>Other financing sources (Uses)</b>				
Sale of capital assets	61,000	11,413	17,866	6,453
Loan proceed	-	184,076	184,076	-
Transfer from other funds	-	(265,312)	(265,312)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>691,285</u>	<u>999,990</u>	<u>(63,370)</u>	<u>(1,063,360)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(243,125)	<u>\$ (243,125)</u>
Fund balances - Beginning			3,557,682	
Fund balances - Ending			<u>\$ 3,314,557</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -**  
**Budget and Actual - Governmental Special Project**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Governmental Special Project			Variance With Final Positive (Negative)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:				
Restricted intergovernmental revenues	\$ 473,050	\$ 473,050	\$ 454,893	\$ (18,157)
Total revenues	<u>473,050</u>	<u>473,050</u>	<u>454,893</u>	<u>(18,157)</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	2,317,873	2,317,873	2,013,114	304,759
Total expenditures	<u>2,317,873</u>	<u>2,317,873</u>	<u>2,013,114</u>	<u>304,759</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,844,823)	(1,844,823)	(1,558,221)	286,602
Other financing sources (Uses)				
Interest income	-	-	66	66
Loan proceed	178,838	178,838	178,837	(1)
Contribution	1,250	1,250	-	(1,250)
Transfer from other funds	1,664,735	1,664,735	1,664,735	-
Fund balance appropriated	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>1,844,823</u>	<u>1,844,823</u>	<u>1,843,638</u>	<u>(1,185)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	285,417	<u>\$ 285,417</u>
Fund balances - Beginning			842,674	
Fund balances - Ending			<u>\$ 1,128,091</u>	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Fund Net Position**  
**Proprietary Funds**  
**June 30, 2023**

	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Airport Fund	Total
<b>Assets</b>				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 745,050	\$ 714,268	\$ 100	\$ 1,459,418
Accounts receivable, net	128,912	285,204	13,093	427,209
Inventories	1,008,327	163,850	25,898	1,198,075
Total current assets	<u>1,882,289</u>	<u>1,163,322</u>	<u>39,091</u>	<u>3,084,702</u>
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	279,530	18,776	-	298,306
Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	84,147	4,767,772	2,360,589	7,212,508
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	3,265,771	8,140,925	1,397,215	12,803,911
Capital assets (net)	<u>3,349,918</u>	<u>12,908,697</u>	<u>3,757,804</u>	<u>20,016,419</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>3,629,448</u>	<u>12,927,473</u>	<u>3,757,804</u>	<u>20,314,725</u>
Total assets	<u>5,511,737</u>	<u>14,090,795</u>	<u>3,796,895</u>	<u>23,399,427</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>445,641</u>	<u>393,212</u>	<u>6,561</u>	<u>845,414</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable & accrued expenses	856,838	14,059	14,133	885,030
Due to other funds	-	-	372,371	372,371
Customer deposits	279,530	18,776	-	298,306
Accrued interest payable	-	6,011	-	6,011
Compensated absences, current	10,330	12,735	-	23,065
Installment notes payable, current	42,639	243,464	-	286,103
Total current liabilities	<u>1,189,337</u>	<u>295,045</u>	<u>386,504</u>	<u>1,870,886</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Total OPEB liability	326,818	288,369	19,225	634,412
Compensated absences	41,317	50,938	-	92,255
Net pension liability	509,635	449,678	-	959,313
Installment notes payable	42,639	5,272,871	-	5,315,510
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>920,409</u>	<u>6,061,856</u>	<u>19,225</u>	<u>7,001,490</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,109,746</u>	<u>6,356,901</u>	<u>405,729</u>	<u>8,872,376</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>77,875</u>	<u>68,714</u>	<u>3,882</u>	<u>150,471</u>
<b>Net position</b>				
Net investment in capital assets	3,264,640	7,392,362	3,757,804	14,414,806
Unrestricted	<u>505,117</u>	<u>666,030</u>	<u>(363,959)</u>	<u>807,188</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 3,769,757</u>	<u>\$ 8,058,392</u>	<u>\$ 3,393,845</u>	<u>\$ 15,221,994</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and**  
**Changes in Fund Net Position**  
**Proprietary Funds**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Airport Fund	Total
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 12,066,992	\$ 2,872,710	\$ 208,930	\$ 15,148,632
Other operating revenues	-	17,050	108,110	125,160
Total operating revenues	<u>12,066,992</u>	<u>2,889,760</u>	<u>317,040</u>	<u>15,273,792</u>
Operating expenses:				
Electric operations	1,860,245	-	-	1,860,245
Electric power purchases	8,567,119	-	-	8,567,119
Administrative services	1,953,134	-	-	1,953,134
Water operations	-	888,488	-	888,488
Sewer operations	-	834,367	-	834,367
Water and sewer line maintenance	-	935,576	-	935,576
Airport operations	-	-	326,712	326,712
Depreciation	298,801	352,426	195,800	847,027
Total operating expenses	<u>12,679,299</u>	<u>3,010,857</u>	<u>522,512</u>	<u>16,212,668</u>
Total operating income (loss)	<u>(612,307)</u>	<u>(121,097)</u>	<u>(205,472)</u>	<u>(938,876)</u>
Nonoperating revenues(expenses):				
Miscellaneous revenue	-	3,545	-	3,545
Investment earnings	4,235	-	-	4,235
Rental income	-	100,443	-	100,443
Interest expense	(3,415)	(78,541)	-	(81,956)
Sale of merchandise and scrap	-	15,823	10,000	25,823
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>820</u>	<u>41,270</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>52,090</u>
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	<u>(611,487)</u>	<u>(79,827)</u>	<u>(195,472)</u>	<u>(886,786)</u>
Capital contributions	-	-	306,033	306,033
Transfer from other funds	-	300,000	-	300,000
Transfer to other funds	<u>(349,953)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(349,953)</u>
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>(349,953)</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>306,033</u>	<u>256,080</u>
Changes in net position	<u>(961,440)</u>	<u>220,173</u>	<u>110,561</u>	<u>(630,706)</u>
Total net position, beginning	<u>4,731,197</u>	<u>7,838,219</u>	<u>3,283,284</u>	<u>15,852,700</u>
Total net position, Ending	<u>\$ 3,769,757</u>	<u>\$ 8,058,392</u>	<u>\$ 3,393,845</u>	<u>\$ 15,221,994</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
**Proprietary Funds**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Airport Fund	Total
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>				
Cash received from customers/others	\$ 12,078,791	\$ 2,873,788	\$ 305,949	\$ 15,258,528
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(11,534,831)	(1,517,460)	(359,876)	(13,412,167)
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,103,501)	(1,083,845)	-	(2,187,346)
Customer deposit	9,816	5,408	-	15,224
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>(549,725)</u>	<u>277,891</u>	<u>(53,927)</u>	<u>(325,761)</u>
<b>Cash flows from (use by) capital and related financing activities:</b>				
Capital contributions	-	-	306,033	306,033
Proceeds from financing	-	1,013,258	-	1,013,258
Loan repayment	-	-	-	-
Principal repayments on long-term debt	(42,639)	(242,084)	-	(284,723)
Sale of merchandise and scrap	-	-	10,000	10,000
Acquisition of capital assets	(368,225)	(1,259,680)	(262,106)	(1,890,011)
Interest income	4,235	-	-	4,235
Other income	-	119,811	-	119,811
Interest expense	(3,415)	(78,541)	-	(81,956)
Net cash flows provided (used) by capital financing activities	<u>(410,044)</u>	<u>(447,236)</u>	<u>53,927</u>	<u>(803,353)</u>
<b>Cash flows from (used for) noncapital financing activities:</b>				
Transfers from/to other funds	(349,953)	300,000	-	(49,953)
Net cash flows provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>(349,953)</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(49,953)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,309,722)	130,655	-	(1,179,067)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,334,302	602,389	100	2,936,791
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 1,024,580</u>	<u>\$ 733,044</u>	<u>\$ 100</u>	<u>\$ 1,757,724</u>
<b>Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities</b>				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (612,307)	\$ (121,097)	\$ (205,472)	\$ (938,876)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	298,801	352,426	195,800	847,027
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	11,799	(15,972)	(11,091)	(15,264)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	59,691	13,730	(32,747)	40,674
(Increase) decrease in inventory	(382,691)	(28,165)	(1,701)	(412,557)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	369,842	326,331	-	696,173
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	9,816	5,408	-	15,224
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability	(34,567)	(30,500)	(2,033)	(67,100)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions	(108,456)	(95,695)	819	(203,332)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(151,743)	(133,890)	2,498	(283,135)
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation pay	(9,910)	5,315	-	(4,595)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (549,725)</u>	<u>\$ 277,891</u>	<u>\$ (53,927)</u>	<u>\$ (325,761)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF EDENTON, NORTH CAROLINA  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of Town of Edenton and its component units conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

**A. Reporting Entity**

The Town of Edenton (the "Town") is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements include all funds and account groups, which are controlled by or are financially dependent upon the Town.

**B. Basis of Presentation**

*Government-wide Statements:* The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental and business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of The Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements:* The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grant, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

**Governmental Special Projects Fund** - This fund is used to account for capital projects related to governmental activities.

The Town reports the following non-major governmental fund:

**NC Housing Finance Grant Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to the N.C. Housing Agency grant.

**Coronavirus Relief Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to Covid-19 grant.

**FEMA Proceeds Fund** - This fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to FEMA.

**ARP Fund** - This fund is used in the recovery of the coronavirus.

**Capital Project Fund - Harbor Town Ferry Project Fund** - This fund is used to for the Harbor Town Ferry construction.

**Harbor Town Ferry Project Fund** - This fund is used for the Harbor Town Ferry construction.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

**Electric Fund** - This fund is used to account for the Town's electric operations.

**Water and Sewer Fund** - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

**Airport Fund** - This fund is used to account for the Town's airport operations.

C. Measurement Focus Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

*Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements* – The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

*Governmental Fund Financial Statements* – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of The Town, are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Edenton because the tax is levied by Chowan County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and the general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for multi-year funds. Amendments are required for revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town of Edenton are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State Law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State Law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are generally reported at fair value. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which approximates fair value, and is the NCCMT's share price. Because the NCCMT Government and Term Portfolios have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, they are presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months.

In accordance with State law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. These investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Powel Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

**Town of Edenton Restricted Cash**

Governmental Activities:

General Fund

Streets	\$ 93,792
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 93,792</u>

Business-Type Activities:

Electric Fund

Customer deposits	279,530
Water and Sewer Fund	
Customer deposits	18,776
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 298,306</u>

Total restricted cash	<u><u>\$ 392,098</u></u>
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4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022. As allowed by State law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes, which are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable fuel that is recognized as an expenditure when purchased. If significant, the amount of inventory on hand at year end is reported on the balance sheet in the governmental funds. However, in the Government-wide Statement Activities the cost of these inventories is expensed as the items are used.

The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follow: land, \$10,000; buildings, improvements, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$15,000; infrastructure, \$20,000; equipment and furniture \$5,000; and vehicles and motorized equipment, \$5,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of The Town are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	20 to 40 years
Infrastructure	20 to 40 years
Substations	33 years
Vehicles	5 years
Furniture and equipment	7 years
Computer equipment	5 years

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion, pension and OPEB deferrals for the 2023 fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet this criterion for this category – prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable unavailable revenues (reported only on the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds), pension, and OPEB deferrals.

9. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premium and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories - portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by State statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by State statute". Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as nonspendable. Outstanding Encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of Restricted Net Position and Restricted Fund Balance on the face of the balance sheet.

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Edenton's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that The Town intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures - portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

Town of Edenton has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following order: bond/debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

## 12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and addition to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Edenton's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Edenton has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

## **II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability**

### **A. Significant Violations of Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions**

None.

### **B. Deficit Fund Balance or Net Position of Individual Funds**

North Carolina Housing Finance Grant Fund, FEMA Proceeds Fund, Waste Water Treatment Plant Fund, Waste Water Abatement Fund, and Water Supply Well Rehab Fund had deficit fund balance at June 30, 2023 related to grant timing issues.

C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

None.

**III. Detail Notes on All Funds**

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by The Town's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with The Town or escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for the under collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2023, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$1,567,019 and a bank balance of \$1,397,451. All of which was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2023, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$1,451.

2. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the Town's investments consisted of \$3,992,001 in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAM by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy on credit risk.

	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value	Less than 6 Months	6-12 Months	1- 3 Years
Ginnie Mae Pool	Fair Value - Level 1	\$ 3,992,001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Level of fair value hierarchy: Level 1: Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets of identical assets. Level 2: Debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted process.

*Credit Risk.* The Town limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investments in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAM by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2023. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the US government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statute 159-30 as amended. The Town's investment in US Agencies (US Government Bonds) are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

*Interest Rate Risk.* As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Town's investment policy limits at least half of the County's investment portfolio to maturities of less than 12 months. Also, the Town's investment policy requires purchases of securities to be tiered with staggered maturity dates and limits all securities to a final maturity of no more than three years.

3. Receivables

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2023, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:	
Taxes receivables	\$ 96,718
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	\$ 15,433
Accounts receivable	510,814
Total General Fund	<u>622,965</u>
Enterprise Funds:	
Electric Fund - accounts receivable	128,912
Airport Fund - accounts receivable	13,093
Water and Sewer Fund - accounts receivable	285,204
Total Enterprise Fund	<u>427,209</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,050,174</u>

4. Capital Assets**Primary Government**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances June 30, 2023
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,403,409	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,403,409
Construction in Progress	621,308	1,296,528	-	1,917,836
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>2,024,717</u>	<u>1,296,528</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,321,245</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	2,391,106	-	-	2,391,106
Buildings	4,704,755	-	-	4,704,755
Equipment	1,217,326	29,517	-	1,246,843
Vehicles	1,990,422	1,154,286	(82,507)	3,062,201
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>10,303,609</u>	<u>1,183,803</u>	<u>(82,507)</u>	<u>11,404,905</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	288,105	76,764	-	364,869
Buildings	2,186,609	65,939	-	2,252,548
Equipment	890,160	72,791	-	962,951
Vehicles	1,424,385	341,377	(82,507)	1,683,255
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>4,789,259</u>	<u>\$ 556,871</u>	<u>\$ (82,507)</u>	<u>5,263,623</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>5,514,350</u>			<u>6,141,282</u>
<b>Governmental activity capital assets, net</b>	<u>\$ 7,539,067</u>			<u>\$ 9,462,527</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 56,011
Public Safety	336,423
Transportation	102,586
Cultural and Recreational	37,372
Environmental protection	24,479
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 556,871</u>

	Beginning Balances July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances June 30, 2023
Business-type Activities				
<b>Electric Fund</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 45,142	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,142
Construction in progress	39,005	-	-	39,005
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>84,147</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>84,147</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and systems	8,994,973	-	-	8,994,973
PDS-Solar farm	439,453	-	-	439,453
Neighborhood redevelopment program	12,561	-	-	12,561
Furniture and equipment	1,167,825	244,225	-	1,412,050
Vehicles	1,159,530	124,000	(32,646)	1,250,884
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>11,774,342</u>	<u>368,225</u>	<u>(32,646)</u>	<u>12,109,921</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and systems	6,818,721	133,446	-	6,952,167
PDS-Solar farm	32,958	10,986	-	43,944
Neighborhood redevelopment program	1,884	628	-	2,512
Furniture and equipment	855,068	86,258	-	941,326
Vehicles	869,364	67,483	(32,646)	904,201
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>8,577,995</u>	<u>\$ 298,801</u>	<u>\$ (32,646)</u>	<u>8,844,150</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>3,196,347</u>			<u>3,265,771</u>
<b>Electric Fund capital assets, net</b>	<u>\$ 3,280,494</u>			<u>\$ 3,349,918</u>

	Beginning Balances July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances June 30, 2023
Business-type Activities				
<b>Water and Sewer Fund</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 45,216	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,216
Construction in progress	7,091,656	959,316	(3,328,416)	4,722,556
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>7,136,872</u>	<u>959,316</u>	<u>(3,328,416)</u>	<u>4,767,772</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and distribution systems	14,944,366	3,556,765	-	18,501,131
Furniture and equipment	664,060	32,904	-	696,964
Vehicles	351,193	39,111	-	390,304
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>15,959,619</u>	<u>3,628,780</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,588,399</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant and distribution systems	10,402,229	283,301	-	10,685,530
Furniture and equipment	441,921	32,217	-	474,138
Vehicles	250,898	36,908	-	287,806
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>11,095,048</u>	<u>\$ 352,426</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,447,474</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>4,864,572</u>			<u>8,140,925</u>
<b>Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net</b>	<u>\$ 12,001,444</u>			<u>\$ 12,908,697</u>

	Beginning Balances July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances June 30, 2023
<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
<b>Airport Fund</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,400
Construction in progress	2,083,083	262,106	-	2,345,189
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,098,483	262,106	-	2,360,589
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Runways	3,470,612	-	-	3,470,612
Equipments	87,631	-	-	87,631
Hangars and terminal buildings	1,263,601	-	-	1,263,601
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,821,844	-	-	4,821,844
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Runways	2,417,517	160,930	-	2,578,447
Equipments	69,162	3,280	-	72,442
Hangars and terminal buildings	742,150	31,590	-	773,740
Total accumulated depreciation	3,228,829	\$ 195,800	\$ -	\$ 3,424,629
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,593,015			1,397,215
<b>Airport Fund capital assets, net</b>	<b>\$ 3,691,498</b>			<b>\$ 3,757,804</b>
<b>Total Business-Type</b>	<b>\$ 18,973,436</b>			<b>\$ 20,016,419</b>

## B. Liabilities

### 1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Vendors	Other	Total
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>			
General	\$ 75,261	\$ -	\$ 75,261
Other governmental	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	\$ 75,261	\$ -	\$ 75,261
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>			
Electric	\$ 856,838	\$ -	\$ 856,838
Water and Sewer	14,059	-	14,059
Airport	14,133	-	14,133
Total business-type activities	\$ 885,030	\$ -	\$ 885,030

### 2. Pension Plan and Other Post Employment Obligations

#### a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

*Plan Description.* The Town of Edenton is a participating employers in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at [www.osc.nc.gov](http://www.osc.nc.gov).

**Benefits Provided.** LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

**Contributions.** Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. County employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 12.15% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 13.04% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$529,554 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

**Refunds of Contributions** – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

***Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

At June 30, 2023, the Town reported a liability of \$2,997,855 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, The Town's proportion was 0.05314%, which was an decrease of 0.00048% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, The Town recognized pension expense of \$842,726. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	129,175	\$	12,665
Changes of assumptions		299,119		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		990,822		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and proportionate share of contributions		16,680		57,187
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		529,554		-
Total	\$	1,965,350	\$	69,852

\$529,554 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year Ended June 30</b>	
2024	433,656
2025	360,230
2026	100,012
2027	472,046
2028	-
Thereafter	-
Total	<u>\$ 1,365,944</u>

*Actuarial Assumptions.* The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary Increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2015.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of</b>
		<b>Return</b>
Fixed Income	33.0%	0.9%
Global Equity	38.0%	6.5%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.2%
Credit	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation	6.0%	2.7%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2022 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Sensitivity of the Town’s proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the Town’s proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Town’s proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	<b>1 % Decrease (5.50%)</b>	<b>Discount Rate (6.50%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (7.50%)</b>
Town’s proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,410,742	\$ 2,997,855	\$ 1,009,496

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

**b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance**

**(1) Plan Description**

The Town of Edenton administers a public employee retirement system (*the Separation Allowance*), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town’s qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time Town law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At the December 31, 2021, the Separation Allowance’s membership consisted of:

Retirees Receiving Benefits	3
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to, But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	15
Total	<u>18</u>

**(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Basis of Accounting* - The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

**(3) Actuarial Assumptions**

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2020 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity
Discount rate	4.31 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2021.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

**(4) Contributions**

The Town is required by article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town paid \$43,165 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

At June 30, 2023, The Town reported a total pension liability of \$515,388. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 based on a December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, The Town recognized pension expense of \$71,759.

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 47,930	\$ 36,921
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	72,380	87,131
Benefit payments and administrative expenses subsequent to the measurement date.	-	-
	<u>\$ 120,310</u>	<u>\$ 124,052</u>

\$0.00 paid as benefits came due subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year Ended June 30</b>	
2024	\$ 21,194
2025	8,708
2026	(6,822)
2027	(21,822)
2028	(5,000)
Thereafter	-
	<u>\$ (3,742)</u>

*Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.31 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.31 percent) than the current rate:

	<b>1% Decrease (3.31%)</b>	<b>Discount Rate (4.31%)</b>	<b>1% Increase (5.31%)</b>
Total pension liability	\$ 557,813	\$ 515,388	\$ 477,187

**Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance**

	<b>2023</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 642,197
Service Cost	32,382
Interest on the total pension liability	13,964
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	(37,566)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(92,424)
Benefit payments	(43,165)
Other changes	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$ 515,388</u>

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2015.

***Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions***

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	LGERS	LEOSSA	Total
Pension expense	\$ 842,726	\$ 71,759	\$ 914,485
Pension liability	2,997,855	515,388	3,513,243
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.05314%	n/a	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			
Differences between expected and actual experience	129,175	47,930	177,105
Changes of assumption	299,119	72,380	371,499
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	990,822	-	990,822
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	16,680	-	16,680
Contributions/Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to the measurement date	529,554	-	529,554
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>			
Difference between expected and actual experience	12,665	36,921	49,586
Changes of assumptions	-	87,131	87,131
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	57,187	-	57,187

**c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers**

*Plan Description.* The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by The Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included on the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the State of North Carolina. The State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454.

*Funding Policy:* Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. The Town elects to contribute each month an amount equal to one percent of each general employee's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The employees may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$77,500 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

**d. Other Post Employment Benefits**

**Healthcare Benefits**

*Plan Description* - Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). The Town Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

*Benefits provided.* As of July 1, 2007, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least 20 years of creditable service with the Town. Prior to July 1, 2007, employees qualified for similar level benefits after a minimum of five years of creditable service with the Town. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers and employees have the option of purchasing dependent coverage at the Town's group rates. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2022, the date of latest actuarial valuation:

	<u>Employees</u>
Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	4
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active plan members	<u>73</u>
Total	<u><u>77</u></u>

#### **Total OPEB Liability**

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$1,922,461 was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

*Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.* The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 percent, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.54 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00% for 2021 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of the measurement date.

#### **Changes in the Total OPEB Liability**

<b>Balance at July 1, 2022</b>	\$ 2,125,794
Changes for the year	
Service cost	121,987
Interest	47,713
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,685
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(306,563)
Benefit payments	<u>(78,155)</u>
<b>Net changes</b>	<u>(203,333)</u>
<b>Balance at June 30, 2023</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,922,461</u></u>

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.54%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Total Data Set for Healthy Annuitants Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 2011 through December 2015.

*Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

	<b>1% Decrease</b>	<b>Discount Rate</b>	<b>1% Increase</b>
	<b>(2.54%)</b>	<b>(3.54%)</b>	<b>(4.54%)</b>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,138,855	\$ 1,922,461	\$ 1,733,507

*Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.* The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,682,366	\$ 1,922,461	\$ 2,214,824

#### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$206,618. At June 30, 2023, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 274,936	\$ 69,042
Changes of assumptions	381,128	319,197
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	
Total	<u>\$ 656,064</u>	<u>\$ 388,239</u>

\$0.00 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<b>Year Ended June 30</b>	
2024	\$ 36,918
2025	36,918
2026	36,918
2027	39,219
2028	42,972
Thereafter	74,880
Total	<u>\$ 267,825</u>

### **3. Other Employment Benefits**

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not be the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	\$ 529,554
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for LEOWS made subsequent to the measurement date	-
Benefit payments and administrative expenses for OPEB made subsequent to the measurement date	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	452,041
Changes of assumptions	752,627
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	990,822
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	16,680
	<u>\$ 2,741,724</u>

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Statement of Net Position	General Fund Balance Sheet
Taxes receivable, less penalties (General Fund)	\$ -	\$ 96,718
Changes of assumptions	406,328	-
Net different between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	118,628	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	57,187	-
	<u>\$ 582,143</u>	<u>\$ 96,718</u>

5. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk financing pool administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees to protect against large workers' compensation claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Medical stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the League of Municipalities. Because the Town is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through the League of Municipalities. The Town only has coverage for one building, which is considered to be in the flood zone.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more of the Town's funds at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket policy for \$25,000.

6. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

At June 30, 2023, the Town had no threatened pending litigations.

7. Long-Term Obligationsa. Installment PurchasesGovernmental Activities

In July 2006, the Town entered into a \$230,000 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. The contract requires twenty annual payments with an interest rate of 4.25%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the fire truck, including \$6,769 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 14,648	\$ 2,653
2025	15,260	2,041
2026	11,253	2,075
Total payments	<u>\$ 41,161</u>	<u>\$ 6,769</u>

In 2016, the Town entered into a \$2,480,000 direct placement contract to finance the construction of a new police station. The contract requires fifteen annual payments with an interest rate of \$2.98%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the police station, including \$221,028 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 165,333	\$ 44,342
2025	165,333	39,410
2026	165,333	34,489
2027	165,333	29,562
2028	165,333	24,635
2029-2032	661,335	48,590
Total payments	<u>\$ 1,488,000</u>	<u>\$ 221,028</u>

In February 2017, the Town entered into a \$242,000 direct placement contract to finance flood and erosion control improvements to the bulkhead. The contract require ten annual payments with an interest rate of 3.09%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the bulkhead improvements, including \$7,478 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 24,200	\$ 2,991
2025	24,200	4,487
2026	24,200	-
2027	24,200	-
Total payments	<u>\$ 96,800</u>	<u>\$ 7,478</u>

In September 2017, the Town entered into a \$75,500 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of a sanitation truck. The contract require twenty annual payments with an interest rate of 3.25%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the sanitation truck, including \$17,026 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 3,113	\$ 1,979
2025	3,313	1,880
2026	3,426	1,767
2027	3,538	1,655
2028	3,653	1,540
2029-2033	20,115	5,850
2034-2038	23,610	2,355
2039-2041	116	-
Total payments	<u>\$ 60,884</u>	<u>\$ 17,026</u>

In November 2018, the Town entered into a \$57,743 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of police vehicles. The contract require five annual payments with an interest rate of 2.61%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the police vehicles, including \$302 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 11,549	\$ 302
Total payments	<u>\$ 11,549</u>	<u>\$ 302</u>

In November 2018, the Town entered into a \$230,000 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of a street sweeper. The contract require six annual payments with an interest rate of 3.05%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the police vehicles, including \$3,510 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 38,333	\$ 2,338
2025	38,333	1,172
Total payments	<u>\$ 76,666</u>	<u>\$ 3,510</u>

In July 2020, the Town entered into a \$70,000 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of police and fire vehicles. The contract require seven annual payments with an interest rate of 2.25%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the police and fire vehicles, including \$3,502 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 9,771	\$ 1,150
2025	9,989	932
2026	10,216	705
2027	10,446	475
2028	10,676	240
Total payments	<u>\$ 51,098</u>	<u>\$ 3,502</u>

In August 2020, the Town entered into a \$78,000 direct placement contract to finance the purchase of 2012 Supreme Trolley. The contract require seven annual payments with an interest rate of 2.14%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the police and fire vehicles, including \$3,700 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 10,900	\$ 1,214
2025	11,133	984
2026	11,371	746
2027	11,614	502
2028	12,730	254
Total payments	\$ 57,748	\$ 3,700

In November 2020, the Town entered into a \$907,900 direct placement contract to finance the street repairing and repaving. The contract require twelve annual payments with an interest rate of 2.16%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the street repairing and repaving, including \$115,604 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 68,861	\$ 20,238
2025	70,659	18,440
2026	72,503	16,596
2027	74,395	14,704
2028	76,337	12,762
2029-2033	412,632	32,864
Total payments	\$ 775,387	\$ 115,604

In August 2021, the Town entered into a \$870,000 direct placement contract to finance the new Pierce pumper truck. The contract require twenty annual payments with an interest rate of 2.26%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the new Pierce pumper truck, including \$145,819 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 50,486	\$ 18,546
2025	51,627	17,405
2026	52,794	16,238
2027	53,987	15,045
2028	55,207	13,825
2029-2033	295,324	49,837
2034-2036	261,206	14,923
Total payments	\$ 820,631	\$ 145,819

In February 2022, the Town entered into a \$83,382 direct placement contract to finance the radios system. The contract require five annual payments with an interest rate of 1.10%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the radios system, including \$1,836 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 16,676	\$ 736
2025	16,676	550
2026	16,676	367
2027	16,676	183
Total payments	\$ 66,704	\$ 1,836

In March 2023, the Town entered into a \$178,837 direct placement contract to finance the radios system for fire department. The contract require seven annual payments with an interest rate of 3.49%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the radios system, including \$24,991 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 25,548	\$ 6,259
2025	25,548	5,350
2026	25,548	4,458
2027	25,548	3,567
2028	25,548	2,682
2029-2030	51,097	2,675
Total payments	<u>\$ 178,837</u>	<u>\$ 24,991</u>

In October 2022, the Town entered into a \$184,076 direct placement contract to finance the sanitation vacuum truck. The contract require ten annual payments with an interest rate of 3.55%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the radios system, including \$37,818 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 15,655	\$ 6,535
2025	16,210	5,979
2026	16,786	5,403
2027	17,382	4,808
2028	17,999	4,191
2029-2032	100,044	10,902
Total payments	<u>\$ 184,076</u>	<u>\$ 37,818</u>

Business-Type Activities

The Town entered into an agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture's Rural Development Division to finance the water tank rehabilitation project. Funds available to the Town total \$335,000. The contract requires 39 annual payments with an interest rate of 3.17%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the water tank rehabilitation, including \$136,233 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Business Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 6,496	\$ 8,590
2025	6,705	8,436
2026	6,779	8,307
2027	6,977	8,109
2028	7,256	7,860
2029-2033	39,786	35,644
2034-2038	46,690	28,740
2039-2043	54,779	20,651
2044-2048	64,298	9,896
2049-2051	30,135	-
Total payments	<u>\$ 269,901</u>	<u>\$ 136,233</u>

The Town entered into an agreement with the United States Department of State Agriculture to finance the capital improvements to the Town's Freemason and Beaver Hill water treatment plant. The contract requires 40 annual payments with an interest rate of 1.625%. The future minimum payments as of June 30, 2023 for the capital improvements, including \$804,311 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Business Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 51,000	\$ 39,748
2025	51,000	38,919
2026	52,000	38,090
2027	53,000	37,245
2028	54,000	36,384
2029-2033	284,000	168,431
2034-2038	305,000	144,706
2039-2043	332,000	119,096
2044-2048	360,000	91,163
2049-2053	391,000	60,938
2054-2058	424,000	28,145
2059-2060	89,000	1,446
Total payments	<u>\$ 2,446,000</u>	<u>\$ 804,311</u>

The Town entered into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Quality for a Sanitary Sewer Project. Funds available to the Town total \$1,100,000. At June 30, 2021, the total amount drawn by the Town was \$1,099,992. The revolving loan is to be repaid in twenty annual principal payments of \$55,000. Interest is calculated at 0.00%. Principal payments are due on May 1 of each year. The first payment will be on May 1, 2021. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$935,000.

Year ending June 30	<u>Business Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 55,000	\$ -
2025	55,000	-
2026	55,000	-
2027	55,000	-
2028	55,000	-
2029-2033	275,000	-
2034-2038	275,000	-
2039-2042	110,000	-
Total payments	<u>\$ 935,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Town entered into an agreement with the Department of Environmental Quality for a Water Supply Well Project. Funds available to the Town total \$1,818,364. At June 30, 2023, the total amount drawn by the Town was \$1,505,434. At June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance was \$1,505,343.

Year ending June 30	<u>Business Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 90,968	\$ 19,531
2025	90,968	18,503
2026	90,968	17,475
2027	90,968	16,447
2028	90,968	15,419
2029-2032	325,697	56,536
2033-2037	454,840	35,978
2038-2040	270,057	10,279
Total payments	<u>\$ 1,505,434</u>	<u>\$ 190,168</u>

In February 2021, the Town entered into a \$213,195 direct placement contract to finance to purchase Bucket Truck. The contract require four annual payments with an interest rate of 2.65%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the street repairing and repaving, including \$3,393 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 42,639	\$ 2,260
2025	42,639	1,133
<b>Total payments</b>	<b>\$ 85,278</b>	<b>\$ 3,393</b>

In October 2021, the Town entered into a \$400,000 direct placement contract to finance to purchase water meters and computer software. The contract require ten annual payments with an interest rate of 1.85%. The annual payments as of June 30, 2023 for the street repairing and repaving, including \$33,316 of interest, are as follows:

Year ending June 30	<u>Business Activities</u>	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 40,000	\$ 6,660
2025	40,000	5,936
2026	40,000	5,180
2027	40,000	4,440
2028	40,000	3,700
2029-2032	160,000	7,400
<b>Total payments</b>	<b>\$ 360,000</b>	<b>\$ 33,316</b>

**b. Changes in Long-Term Debt**

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance 7/1/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2023	Current Portion
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>					
Direct placement installment purchases	\$ 3,975,425	\$ 362,913	\$ (428,797)	\$ 3,909,541	\$ 455,073
Net pension liability (LGERS)	559,174	1,479,368	-	2,038,542	-
Total pension liability (LEO)	642,197	-	(126,809)	515,388	-
Total OPEB liability	1,424,282	-	(136,233)	1,288,049	-
Compensated absences	202,152	80,936	(57,340)	225,748	45,150
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,803,230</b>	<b>\$ 1,923,217</b>	<b>\$ (749,179)</b>	<b>\$ 7,977,268</b>	<b>\$ 500,223</b>
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>					
Direct placement installment purchases	\$ 1,111,061	\$ 1,013,258	\$ (173,607)	\$ 1,950,712	\$ 173,607
Sewer revolving Loan	990,000	-	(55,000)	935,000	55,000
Water Tank Rehabilitation Loan	276,017	-	(6,116)	269,901	6,496
Water Treatment Plant Bond	2,496,000	-	(50,000)	2,446,000	51,000
Net pension liability (LGERS)	263,140	696,173	-	959,313	-
Total OPEB liability	701,512	-	(67,100)	634,412	-
Compensated absences	119,916	39,162	(43,758)	115,320	23,065
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,957,646</b>	<b>\$ 1,748,593</b>	<b>\$ (395,581)</b>	<b>\$ 7,310,658</b>	<b>\$ 309,168</b>

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

**C. Interfund Balances and Activity**

Balances due to/from other funds at June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	Amount
From Electric Fund to General Fund - operating transfer	\$ 49,953
	<u>\$ 49,953</u>

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues from one fund to another. The transfer from the electric fund to the general fund was to pay back the general fund for expenses related to the electric fund and for payment in lieu of taxes.

**D. Net Investment in Capital Assets**

The Town's net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	<u>Governmental</u>	<u>Business-type</u>
Capital assets	\$ 9,462,527	\$ 20,016,419
Less: Long-term debt	(3,909,541)	(5,601,613)
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 5,552,986</u>	<u>\$ 14,414,806</u>

**E. Fund Balance**

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

<b>Total fund balance - General Fund</b>	<b>\$ 3,314,557</b>
<b>Less:</b>	
<b>Stabilization by State Statute</b>	874,476
<b>Streets - Powell Bill</b>	93,792
<b>Inventories</b>	35,993
<b>Remaining Fund Balance</b>	<b>\$ 2,310,296</b>

**IV. Jointly Governed Organization**

The Town in conjunction with thirty-one other local governments, is a member of the North Carolina Eastern Municipal Power Agency (NCEPMA). NCEMPA was formed to enable municipalities that own and operate their own electric distributions to collectively purchase wholesale power. Each participating government appoints one commissioner to NCEMPA's governing board. The 32 members who receive power from NCEMPA have signed power sales agreements to purchase a specified share of the wholesale power purchased by NCEMPA. Except for the power sales purchase requirements, no local government participant has any obligation, entitlement, or residual interest. The Town's purchases of power for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were \$8,567,119.

**V. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies**

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

**VI. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events**

The Town has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2023 and October 26, 2023 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. No such items were noted.

REQUIRED  
SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL DATA

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This section contains additional information required by generally  
accounting principals.

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Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension  
Liability – Local Government Employees’ Retirement System

Schedule of Contributions – Local Government Employees’  
Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement  
Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll  
- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Town of Edenton's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)**  
**Required Supplementary Information**  
**Last Ten Fiscal Years\***

**Local Government Employees' Retirement System**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.05314%	0.05362%	0.05414%	0.04921%	0.05200%	0.05000%	0.05000%	0.05300%	0.05100%	0.05200%
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 2,997,855	\$ 822,314	\$ 1,934,653	\$ 1,343,887	\$ 1,238,600	\$ 770,889	\$ 1,061,380	\$ 239,298	\$ (307,435)	\$ 609,924
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,757,676	\$ 3,692,938	\$ 3,512,948	\$ 3,250,734	\$ 3,159,091	\$ 3,123,019	\$ 3,013,958	\$ 3,034,304	\$ 2,940,730	\$ 2,695,027
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	79.78%	22.27%	55.07%	41.34%	39.21%	24.68%	35.22%	7.89%	-10.45%	22.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	84.41%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

\*\* This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Town of Edenton's Contributions  
Required Supplementary Information  
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

**Local Government Employees' Retirement System**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 529,554	\$ 433,517	\$ 382,184	\$ 322,431	\$ 256,618	\$ 242,234	\$ 230,899	\$ 210,038	\$ 217,206	\$ 209,466
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	529,554	433,517	382,184	322,431	256,618	242,234	230,899	210,038	217,206	209,466
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>									
Town's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,293,372	\$ 3,757,676	\$ 3,692,938	\$ 3,512,948	\$ 3,250,734	\$ 3,159,091	\$ 3,123,019	\$ 3,013,958	\$ 3,034,304	\$ 2,940,730
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.33%	11.54%	10.35%	9.18%	7.89%	7.67%	7.39%	6.97%	7.16%	7.14%

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability**  
**Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance**  
**Last Five Fiscal Years \***

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 642,197	\$ 595,064	\$ 466,502	\$ 420,679	\$ 426,912
Service cost	32,382	39,139	20,734	17,348	22,169
Interest on the total pension liability	13,964	11,068	14,409	14,463	12,753
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	(37,566)	57,114	(14,769)	48,586	20,340
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(92,424)	(17,023)	157,177	12,098	(14,823)
Benefit payments	(43,165)	(43,165)	(48,989)	(46,672)	(46,672)
Other changes	-	-	-	-	-
Ending balance of the total pension liability	<u>\$ 515,388</u>	<u>\$ 642,197</u>	<u>\$ 595,064</u>	<u>\$ 466,502</u>	<u>\$ 420,679</u>

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll**  
**Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance**  
**Last Five Fiscal Years**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 515,388	\$ 642,197	\$ 595,064	\$ 466,502	\$ 420,679
Covered payroll	786,943	908,103	846,027	741,688	882,153
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	65.49%	70.72%	70.34%	62.90%	47.69%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Edenton has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios**  
**Last Five Fiscal Years**

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
<b>Total OPEB Liability</b>					
Service cost	\$ 121,987	\$ 77,944	\$ 55,692	\$ 51,908	\$ 53,993
Interest	47,713	32,879	43,913	48,925	45,079
Changes of benefit items	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	11,685	314,389	1,985	(116,330)	14,075
Changes of assumptions	(306,563)	319,738	165,876	25,389	(41,456)
Benefit payments	<u>(78,155)</u>	<u>(57,550)</u>	<u>(55,651)</u>	<u>(81,264)</u>	<u>(79,323)</u>
<b>Net change in total OPEB liability</b>	(203,333)	687,400	211,815	(71,372)	\$ (7,632)
<b>Total OPEB liability - beginning</b>	<u>2,125,794</u>	<u>1,438,394</u>	<u>1,226,579</u>	<u>1,297,951</u>	<u>1,305,583</u>
<b>Total OPEB liability - ending</b>	<u>\$ 1,922,461</u>	<u>\$ 2,125,794</u>	<u>\$ 1,438,394</u>	<u>\$ 1,226,579</u>	<u>\$ 1,297,951</u>
<b>Covered payroll</b>	3,378,024	2,944,699	2,944,699	2,836,544	2,836,544
<b>Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll</b>	56.91%	72.19%	48.85%	43.24%	46.03%

**Notes to Schedule**

Changes of assumptions: Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

<b>Fiscal year</b>	<b>Rate</b>
2023	3.54%
2022	2.16%
2021	2.21%
2020	3.50%
2019	3.89%

## GENERAL FUND

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The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

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**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**General Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes		\$ 2,842,134	
Penalties and interest		10,217	
Total	<u>\$ 2,555,273</u>	<u>2,852,351</u>	<u>\$ 297,078</u>
Other taxes and licenses:			
Land transfer tax		191,928	
Total	<u>150,000</u>	<u>191,928</u>	<u>41,928</u>
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues:			
Utility franchise tax		409,460	
Local option sales taxes		1,127,589	
Payments in lieu of taxes		74,794	
Beer and wine tax		20,287	
Total	<u>1,485,077</u>	<u>1,632,130</u>	<u>147,053</u>
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill revenue		138,437	
Chowan County - Fire protection		596,236	
Solid Waste disposal tax		3,488	
Total	<u>726,797</u>	<u>738,161</u>	<u>11,364</u>
Permits and fees:			
Video programming fees		17,701	
Officer fees		1,867	
Police revenue		16,760	
Nuisance fees		44,373	
Total	<u>57,065</u>	<u>80,701</u>	<u>23,636</u>
Sales and services:			
Refuse collections		303,835	
Cemetary lot sales		50,370	
Rents		17,223	
Garage		396,648	
Trolley ticket sales		67,250	
Administrative fees from other funds		761,687	
Miscellaneous		24,176	
Total	<u>1,573,569</u>	<u>1,621,189</u>	<u>47,620</u>
Investment earnings: interest			
General fund - unrestricted		177,133	
General fund - restricted		1,509	
Total	<u>100,509</u>	<u>178,642</u>	<u>78,133</u>
Total revenues	<u>6,648,290</u>	<u>7,295,102</u>	<u>646,812</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
General Fund  
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and  
Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
General Government:			
Elected officials			
Salaries and employee benefits		38,754	
Training and travel		11,845	
Total	<u>56,254</u>	<u>50,599</u>	<u>5,655</u>
Administration			
Salaries and employee benefits		361,412	
Other operating expenses		353,205	
Total	<u>718,679</u>	<u>714,617</u>	<u>4,062</u>
Inspections:			
Salaries and employee benefits		120,677	
Other operating expenses		42,069	
Total	<u>166,648</u>	<u>162,746</u>	<u>3,902</u>
Total general government	<u>941,581</u>	<u>927,962</u>	<u>13,619</u>
Public Safety:			
Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,575,531	
Other operating expenses		266,427	
Capital outlay		115,566	
Total	<u>1,960,071</u>	<u>1,957,524</u>	<u>2,547</u>
Fire:			
Salaries and employee benefits		935,215	
Other operating expenses		212,533	
Capital outlay		12,199	
Total	<u>1,258,173</u>	<u>1,159,947</u>	<u>98,226</u>
Total public safety	<u>3,218,244</u>	<u>3,117,471</u>	<u>100,773</u>
Transportation and utilities			
Street:			
Salaries and employee benefits		296,258	
Other operating expenses		545,131	
Capital outlay		184,076	
Total	<u>1,038,038</u>	<u>1,025,465</u>	<u>12,573</u>
Garage:			
Salaries and employee benefits		166,831	
Other operating expenses		284,983	
Total	<u>454,491</u>	<u>451,814</u>	<u>2,677</u>
Total transportation and utilities	<u>1,492,529</u>	<u>1,477,279</u>	<u>15,250</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**General Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Environmental protection:			
Sanitation			
Salaries and employee benefits		439,592	
Other operating expenses		197,692	
Total	<u>639,672</u>	<u>637,284</u>	<u>2,388</u>
Mosquito control			
Salaries and employee benefits		1,915	
Other operating expenses		1,265	
Total	<u>4,015</u>	<u>3,180</u>	<u>835</u>
Cemetery:			
Salaries and employee benefits		414,096	
Other operating expenses		266,210	
Capital outlay		40,000	
Total	<u>727,184</u>	<u>720,306</u>	<u>6,878</u>
Total environmental protection	<u>1,370,871</u>	<u>1,360,770</u>	<u>10,101</u>
Economic and physical development:			
Main Street Program			
Other operating expenses		75,617	
Total economic and physical development	<u>83,990</u>	<u>75,617</u>	<u>8,373</u>
Debt Service:			
Principal retirement		428,797	
Interest expense		86,961	
Total	<u>541,065</u>	<u>515,758</u>	<u>25,307</u>
Total expenditures	<u>7,648,280</u>	<u>7,474,857</u>	<u>173,423</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(999,990)</u>	<u>(179,755)</u>	<u>820,235</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Sale of capital assets		17,866	
Loan proceed		184,076	
Transfers out		(969,500)	
Transfers in		704,188	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>999,990</u>	<u>(63,370)</u>	<u>(1,063,360)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(243,125)</u>	<u>\$ (243,125)</u>
Fund balances:			
Beginning of year, July 1		<u>3,557,682</u>	
End of year, June 30		<u>\$ 3,314,557</u>	

## OTHER MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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Major Governmental Funds -Governmental Special Projects Fund

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**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Governmental Special Projects Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental			
Grants		\$ 454,893	
Total restricted intergovernmental	\$ 473,050	454,893	\$ (18,157)
Expenditures:			
Construction		1,181,151	
Total Contengencies	1,399,300	1,181,151	218,149
Capital outlay:			
Pierce pumper truck		831,963	
Total capital outlay	918,573	831,963	86,610
Total expenditures	2,317,873	2,013,114	304,759
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,844,823)	(1,558,221)	286,602
Other financing sources (uses):			
Interest income		66	
Loan proceeds		178,837	
Transfer in (out)		1,664,735	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,844,823	1,843,638	1,185
Net change in fund balance	-	285,417	285,417
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	285,417	\$ 285,417
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		842,674	
End of year, June 30		\$ 1,128,091	

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Nonmajor Governmental Funds  
Combining Balance Sheet  
June 30, 2023**

	NC Housing Finance Grant Fund	Coronavirus Relief Fund	FEMA Proceeds Fund	ARPA Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Harbor Town Ferry Project	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
<b>Assets:</b>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,217	\$ 4,217	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,217
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	33	33	58	58	91
Total assets	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,250</u>	<u>4,250</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>4,308</u>
<b>Liabilities and fund balances:</b>								
<b>Current liabilities:</b>								
Accounts payable	-	-	39,483	-	39,483	58	58	39,541
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	4,250	4,250	-	-	4,250
Due to other funds	65,001	-	-	-	65,001	-	-	65,001
Total liabilities	<u>65,001</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>39,483</u>	<u>4,250</u>	<u>108,734</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>108,792</u>
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b>								
Property taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Fund balances:</b>								
Restricted								
Stabilization by State Statue	-	-	-	33	33	58	58	91
Unrestricted	(65,001)	-	(39,483)	(33)	(104,517)	(58)	(58)	(104,575)
Total fund balances	<u>(65,001)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(39,483)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(104,484)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(104,484)</u>
<b>Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances</b>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,250</u>	<u>\$ 4,250</u>	<u>\$ 58</u>	<u>\$ 58</u>	<u>\$ 4,308</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Nonmajor Governmental Funds**  
**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balance**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	NC Housing Finance Grant	Coronavirus Relief Fund	FEMA Proceeds Fund	ARPA Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Harbor Town Ferry Project	Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 178,635	\$ 1,349,652	\$ 1,528,287	\$ 115,377	\$ 115,377	\$ 1,643,664
Total revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>178,635</u>	<u>1,349,652</u>	<u>1,528,287</u>	<u>115,377</u>	<u>115,377</u>	<u>1,643,664</u>
Expenditures:								
Economic and physical development	51,906	6,752	57,956	182	116,796	115,377	115,377	232,173
Total expenditures	<u>51,906</u>	<u>6,752</u>	<u>57,956</u>	<u>182</u>	<u>116,796</u>	<u>115,377</u>	<u>115,377</u>	<u>232,173</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>(51,906)</u>	<u>(6,752)</u>	<u>120,679</u>	<u>1,349,470</u>	<u>1,411,491</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,411,491</u>
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in (out)	-	-	-	(1,349,470)	(1,349,470)	-	-	(1,349,470)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,349,470)</u>	<u>(1,349,470)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,349,470)</u>
Net change in fund balance	(51,906)	(6,752)	120,679	-	62,021	-	-	62,021
Fund balances:								
Beginning of year, July 1	<u>(13,095)</u>	<u>6,752</u>	<u>(160,162)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(166,505)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(166,505)</u>
End of year, June 30	<u>\$ (65,001)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (39,483)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (104,484)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (104,484)</u>

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

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Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

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**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**North Carolina Housing Finance Grant Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental revenues:					
Federal grant no. SFRLP 2014		\$ 273,044	\$ -	\$ 273,044	
Total restricted intergovernmental	<u>\$ 750,000</u>	<u>273,044</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>273,044</u>	<u>\$ (476,956)</u>
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Economic and physical development:					
Administration		68,181	51,906	120,087	
Rehabilitation		217,958	-	217,958	
Total economic and physical development	<u>750,000</u>	<u>286,139</u>	<u>51,906</u>	<u>338,045</u>	<u>411,955</u>
Revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(13,095)</u>	<u>(51,906)</u>	<u>(65,001)</u>	<u>(65,001)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(51,906)</u>	<u>\$ (65,001)</u>	<u>\$ (65,001)</u>
Fund balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>(13,095)</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ (65,001)</u>		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Coronavirus Relief Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental			
NC Pandemic Recovery Grant	\$ 186,866	\$ -	\$ 186,866
Total restricted intergovernmental	<u>186,866</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(186,866)</u>
Expenditures:			
Public health			
Administration	186,866	6,752	180,114
Total expenditures	<u>186,866</u>	<u>6,752</u>	<u>(6,752)</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,752)</u>	<u>(6,752)</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(6,752)</u>	<u>\$ (6,752)</u>
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		<u>6,752</u>	
End of year, June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**FEMA Proceeds Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental			
FEMA Proceeds	\$ 618,807	\$ 178,635	\$ (440,172)
Total restricted intergovernmental	<u>618,807</u>	<u>178,635</u>	<u>(440,172)</u>
Expenditures:			
Economic and physical development:			
Repairs and maintenance		57,956	
Total expenditures	<u>618,807</u>	<u>57,956</u>	<u>560,851</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>120,679</u>	<u>120,679</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer in (out)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	-	120,679	120,679
Fund balance appropriated	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>120,679</u>	<u>\$ 120,679</u>
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		<u>(160,162)</u>	
End of year, June 30		<u>\$ (39,483)</u>	

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**ARPA Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental		\$ 1,349,652	
Interest		-	
Total revenues	<u>\$ 1,349,470</u>	<u>1,349,652</u>	<u>\$ 182</u>
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures		182	
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>182</u>	<u>(182)</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>1,349,470</u>	<u>1,349,470</u>	<u>-</u>
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer in (out)		(1,349,470)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,349,470)</u>	<u>(1,349,470)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		<u>-</u>	
End of year, June 30		<u>\$ -</u>	

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

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Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds

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**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Harbor Town Ferry Project Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues			
Restricted intergovernmental		\$ 115,377	
Total revenues	\$ 500,000	115,377	\$ (384,623)
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures		115,377	
Total expenditures	500,000	115,377	384,623
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	-	\$ -
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1		-	
End of year, June 30		\$ -	

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

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Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

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**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Electric Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures**  
**Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:			
Operating revenues			
Charges for services:			
Electricity sales		\$ 11,766,228	
Penalties		60,826	
Pole rent		29,717	
Sale of merchandise and scrap		20,469	
Connection fees and services		64,247	
Miscellaneous		125,505	
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 13,180,012</u>	<u>12,066,992</u>	<u>\$ (1,113,020)</u>
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment earnings		4,235	
Total non-operating revenues	<u>100</u>	<u>4,235</u>	<u>4,135</u>
Total revenues	<u>13,180,112</u>	<u>12,071,227</u>	<u>(1,108,885)</u>
Expenditures:			
Electric administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits		388,851	
Contracted services		4,408	
Services		611,188	
Industrial development		40,000	
Maintenance and repair		22,035	
Other operating expenses		886,652	
Total electric administration	<u>2,044,388</u>	<u>1,953,134</u>	<u>91,254</u>
Billing and collection:			
Salaries and employee benefits		272,504	
Other operating expenses		137,558	
Total billing and collection	<u>410,099</u>	<u>410,062</u>	<u>37</u>
Electric power			
Salaries and employee benefits		442,146	
Electricity purchases		8,567,119	
Other operating expenses		942,871	
Total electric power	<u>9,959,593</u>	<u>9,952,136</u>	<u>7,457</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Electric Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures**  
**Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Debt service:			
Debt principal		42,639	
Interst and fees		3,415	
Total debt service	<u>46,079</u>	<u>46,054</u>	<u>25</u>
Capital outlay			
Equipments		244,225	
Vehicles		124,000	
Total capital outlay	<u>370,000</u>	<u>368,225</u>	<u>1,775</u>
Total expenditures	<u>12,830,159</u>	<u>12,729,611</u>	<u>100,548</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>349,953</u>	<u>(658,384)</u>	<u>(1,008,337)</u>
Other financing sources and (uses):			
Transfer out		(349,953)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(349,953)</u>	<u>(349,953)</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and other sources over (Under) expenses and other uses	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,008,337)</u>	<u>(1,008,337)</u>
Expenditures and other uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,008,337)</u>	<u>\$ 1,008,337</u>

**Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:**

Revenues, other sources and appropriated	
Fund balance over (under)	
Expenditures and other uses	<u>\$ (1,008,337)</u>
Reconciling items:	
Depreciation	<u>(298,801)</u>
Capital outlay	368,225
Principal payments	42,639
Change in accrued vacation pay	9,910
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	(369,842)
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources for pensions	108,456
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources for pensions	151,743
Change in accrued OPEB	34,567
Total reconciling items	46,897
Change in net position	<u>\$ (961,440)</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Electric Fund Small Capital Projects**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Actual		Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
		Prior Years	Current Year		
Revenues:					
Non-operating revenue					
Investment earnings		\$ 146	\$ -	\$ 146	\$ -
Total non-operating revenue		146	-	146	146
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	-
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	146	-	146	146
Other financing sources (uses):					
Long-term debt issued				-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ 146	\$ -	\$ 146	\$ 146
Beginning of year, July 1			146		
End of year, June 30			\$ 146		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Airport Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures**  
**Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:			
Operating revenues			
Charges for services:			
Hangar rentals		\$ 39,302	
Sale of fuel		208,930	
Other operating revenue		68,808	
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 418,188</u>	<u>317,040</u>	<u>\$(101,148)</u>
Total revenues	<u>418,188</u>	<u>317,040</u>	<u>(101,148)</u>
Expenditures:			
Administration			
Salaries and employee benefits		54,012	
Insurance		8,541	
Fuel purchases		175,665	
Repairs & maintenance		31,274	
Other operating expenses		55,936	
Total administration	<u>428,188</u>	<u>325,428</u>	<u>102,760</u>
Total expenditures	<u>428,188</u>	<u>325,428</u>	<u>102,760</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(8,388)</u>	<u>1,612</u>
Other financing sources and (uses):			
Sale of merchandise and scrap		10,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund balance over (under) Expenditures and other uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>1,612</u>	<u>\$ 1,612</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Airport Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures**  
**Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Final Budget	Actual	
<b>Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:</b>			
Revenues, other sources and appropriated			
Fund balance over (under)			
Expenditures and other uses		\$ 1,612	
Reconciling items:			
Capital outlay		-	
Other revenues from capital projects		306,033	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources for pensions		(819)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources for pensions		(2,498)	
Change in accrued OPEB		2,033	
Depreciation		(195,800)	
Total reconciling items		108,949	
Change in net position		\$ 110,561	

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Water and Sewer Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures**  
**Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues:			
Operating revenues			
Charges for services:			
Charges for water and sewer		\$ 2,872,710	
Other operating revenues		17,050	
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 3,137,842</u>	<u>2,889,760</u>	<u>\$ (248,082)</u>
Non-operating revenues			
Sale of merchandise and scrap		15,823	
Miscellaneous		3,545	
Rents		100,443	
Total non-operating revenues	<u>112,497</u>	<u>119,811</u>	<u>7,314</u>
Total revenues	<u>3,250,339</u>	<u>3,009,571</u>	<u>(240,768)</u>
Expenditures:			
Water operations:			
Salaries and employee benefits		193,645	
Services		150,499	
Utilities		70,220	
Repairs & maintenance		202,865	
Other operating expenses		271,259	
Total water operations	<u>918,177</u>	<u>888,488</u>	<u>29,689</u>
Sewage collections			
Salaries and employee benefits		507,507	
Utilities		80,171	
Repairs & maintenance		56,868	
Other operating expenses		189,821	
Total sewage collections	<u>856,277</u>	<u>834,367</u>	<u>21,910</u>
Water and sewer line maintenance			
Salaries and employee benefits		382,693	
Repairs & maintenance		89,661	
Other operating expenses		364,818	
Total water and sewer line maintenance	<u>1,108,151</u>	<u>837,172</u>	<u>270,979</u>
Debt service			
Debt principal		242,084	
Interest and fees		78,541	
Total debt service	<u>339,788</u>	<u>320,625</u>	<u>19,163</u>
Capital outlay			
Vehicles		39,111	
Plant and distribution systems		228,349	
Tools & equipment		32,904	
Total capital outlay	<u>358,520</u>	<u>300,364</u>	<u>58,156</u>
Total expenditures	<u>3,580,913</u>	<u>3,181,016</u>	<u>399,897</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(330,574)</u>	<u>(171,445)</u>	<u>159,129</u>
Other financing sources and (uses):			
Transfers in (out)		300,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>300,000</u>	<u>300,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and other sources over (Under) expenses and other uses	<u>(30,574)</u>	<u>128,555</u>	<u>159,129</u>
Appropriated Fund Balance	<u>30,574</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(30,574)</u>
Revenues, Other Sources and Appropriated Fund Balance Over (Under)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 128,555</u>	<u>\$ 128,555</u>
Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 128,555</u>	<u>\$ 128,555</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Water and Sewer Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures**  
**Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP)**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	2023		Variance Positive (Negative)
	Final Budget	Actual	
<b>Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:</b>			
Revenues, other sources and appropriated			
Fund balance over (under)			
Expenditures and other uses		128,555	
Reconciling items:			
Capital outlay		300,364	
Principal payments		242,084	
Change in accrued vacation pay		(5,315)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability		(326,331)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows of resources for pensions		95,695	
Other expenses from Water and Sewer Capital Projects		(26,843)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred inflows of resources for pensions		133,890	
Change in accrued OPEB		30,500	
Depreciation		(352,426)	
Total reconciling items		91,618	
Change in net position		\$ 220,173	

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Waste Water Treatment Plant Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Non-operating revenue					
Investment earnings	\$ 5,994,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,994,000
Total non-operating revenue	<u>5,994,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,994,000)</u>
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	4,521,250	306,382	-	306,382	4,214,868
Operating expenses	1,229,900	207,017	26,843	233,860	996,040
Total	<u>5,751,150</u>	<u>513,399</u>	<u>26,843</u>	<u>540,242</u>	<u>5,210,908</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>242,850</u>	<u>(513,399)</u>	<u>(26,843)</u>	<u>(540,242)</u>	<u>(783,092)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):					
Long-term debt issued	242,850	-	-	-	(242,850)
Total	<u>242,850</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(242,850)</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (513,399)</u>	(26,843)	<u>\$ (540,242)</u>	<u>\$ (1,025,942)</u>
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>(513,399)</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ (540,242)</u>		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Waste Water Abatement Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Restricted intergovernmental					
N.C. Department of Commerce Grant	\$ 2,352,935	\$ 182,981	\$ -	\$ 182,981	\$ (2,169,954)
Local Funds	-	40,008	-	40,008	40,008
Total non-operating revenue	<u>2,352,935</u>	<u>222,989</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>222,989</u>	<u>(2,129,946)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Loan fee	42,500	22,000	-	22,000	20,500
Construction	2,310,435	1,415,524	33,226	1,448,750	861,685
Total	<u>2,352,935</u>	<u>1,437,524</u>	<u>33,226</u>	<u>1,470,750</u>	<u>882,185</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,214,535)</u>	<u>(33,226)</u>	<u>(1,247,761)</u>	<u>(1,247,761)</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Transfers In	-	106,611	-	106,611	106,611
Long-term debt issued	-	1,099,992	-	1,099,992	1,099,992
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>1,206,603</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,206,603</u>	<u>1,206,603</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (7,932)</u>	<u>(33,226)</u>	<u>\$ (41,158)</u>	<u>\$ (41,158)</u>
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>(7,932)</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ (41,158)</u>		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Water Treatment Plants Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental					
U.S.D.A. Grant	\$ 1,115,149	\$ 1,115,000	\$ -	\$ 1,115,000	
Total non-operating revenue	<u>1,115,149</u>	<u>1,115,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,115,000</u>	<u>(149)</u>
Expenditures:					
Professional services	503,500	10,565	-	10,565	
Interest	135,556	135,555	-	135,555	
Capital outlay	3,117,093	3,609,879	-	3,609,879	
Total	<u>3,756,149</u>	<u>3,755,999</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,755,999</u>	<u>150</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(2,641,000)</u>	<u>(2,640,999)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,640,999)</u>	<u>1</u>
Other financing sources (uses):					
Long-term debt issued	<u>2,641,000</u>	<u>2,641,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,641,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>2,641,000</u>	<u>2,641,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,641,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>1</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ 1</u>		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Water Supply Well Rehab Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental					
NC Department of Commerce	\$ 1,855,751	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,855,751)
Total non-operating revenue	<u>1,855,751</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,855,751)</u>
Expenditures:					
Construction	1,855,751	985,747	882,847	1,868,594	(12,843)
Total	<u>1,855,751</u>	<u>985,747</u>	<u>882,847</u>	<u>1,868,594</u>	<u>(12,843)</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>(985,747)</u>	<u>(882,847)</u>	<u>(1,868,594)</u>	<u>(1,868,594)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer in (out)	-	36,387	-	36,387	36,387
Long-term debt issued	-	652,644	1,013,258	1,665,902	1,665,902
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>689,031</u>	<u>1,013,258</u>	<u>1,702,289</u>	<u>1,702,289</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (296,716)</u>	130,411	<u>\$ (166,305)</u>	<u>\$ (166,305)</u>
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>(296,716)</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ (166,305)</u>		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**NCDEQ Grant and Small Projects Fund**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Actual		Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
		Prior Years	Current Year		
<b>Revenues:</b>					
NCDEQ proceeds	\$ 1,038,250	\$ 16,850	\$ -	\$ 16,850	\$ (1,021,400)
Interest	-	66	-	66	66
Grants	-	480,407	-	480,407	480,407
Total revenue	<u>1,038,250</u>	<u>497,323</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>497,323</u>	<u>(540,927)</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Construction	840,250	729,599	43,243	772,842	67,408
Capital outlay	394,644	274,995	-	274,995	119,649
Total	<u>1,234,894</u>	<u>1,004,594</u>	<u>43,243</u>	<u>1,047,837</u>	<u>187,057</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>(196,644)</u>	<u>(507,271)</u>	<u>(43,243)</u>	<u>(550,514)</u>	<u>(353,870)</u>
<b>Other financing sources (uses):</b>					
Long-term debt issued	-	400,000	-	400,000	400,000
Transfers in	<u>196,644</u>	<u>195,694</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>195,694</u>	<u>(950)</u>
Total	<u>196,644</u>	<u>595,694</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>595,694</u>	<u>399,050</u>
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 88,423</u>	<u>(43,243)</u>	<u>\$ 45,180</u>	<u>\$ 45,180</u>
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>88,423</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ 45,180</u>		

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Parallel Taxiway Project**  
**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and**  
**Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)**  
**From Inception and For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Project Author - ization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:					
Restricted intergovernmental Grant proceeds	\$ 1,190,508	\$ 801,489	\$ 306,033	\$ 1,107,522	\$ (82,986)
Total non-operating revenue	<u>1,190,508</u>	<u>801,489</u>	<u>306,033</u>	<u>1,107,522</u>	<u>(82,986)</u>
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay	1,190,508	883,168	262,106	1,145,274	45,234
Total	<u>1,190,508</u>	<u>883,168</u>	<u>262,106</u>	<u>1,145,274</u>	<u>45,234</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-	(81,679)	43,927	(37,752)	(37,752)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (81,679)</u>	43,927	<u>\$ (37,752)</u>	<u>\$ (37,752)</u>
Fund balance:					
Beginning of year, July 1			<u>(81,679)</u>		
End of year, June 30			<u>\$ (37,752)</u>		

## OTHER SCHEDULES

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This section includes additional information on property taxes.

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- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**General Fund**  
**Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable**  
**June 30, 2023**

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Uncollected Balance July 1, 2022</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Collections And Credits</u>	<u>Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023</u>
2022-2023	\$	\$ 2,876,651	\$ 2,824,342	\$ 52,309
2021-2022	29,347	-	17,666	11,681
2020-2021	7466	-	1,561	5,905
2019-2020	7,665	-	888	6,777
2018-2019	6,310	-	896	5,414
2017-2018	3,690	-	649	3,041
2016-2017	2,851	-	325	2,526
2015-2016	2,527	-	376	2,151
2014-2015	3,217	-	310	2,907
2013-2014	4,167	-	160	4,007
2012-2013	3,541	-	3,541	-
TOTALS	<u>\$ 70,781</u>	<u>\$ 2,876,651</u>	<u>\$ 2,850,714</u>	<u>\$ 96,718</u>
Less: Allowance for uncollectable taxes				<u>-</u>
Ad valorem taxes - General Fund				<u>\$ 96,718</u>
<u>Reconcilement with revenues:</u>				
Ad valorem taxes - General Fund				\$ 2,852,351
Reconciling items:				
Penalties and Interest				(10,217)
Releases				8,580
Total Reconciling Items				<u>(1,637)</u>
Total Collections and Credits				<u>\$ 2,850,714</u>

**Town of Edenton, North Carolina**  
**Analysis of Current Tax Levy**  
**Town - Wide Levy**  
**For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023**

	Town - wide			Total Levy	
	Property Valuation	Rate	Amount of Levy	Property excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property Taxes at Current Year Rate	\$ 668,988,605	0.43%	\$ 2,876,651	\$ 2,553,877	\$ 322,774
Total Original Levy	<u>668,988,605</u>		<u>2,876,651</u>	<u>2,553,877</u>	<u>322,774</u>
Total for Year	<u>\$ 668,988,605</u>		2,876,651	2,553,877	322,774
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			<u>(52,309)</u>	<u>(52,309)</u>	-
Current year's taxes collected			<u>\$ 2,824,342</u>	<u>\$ 2,501,568</u>	<u>\$ 322,774</u>
Current levy collection percentage			<u>98.18%</u>	<u>97.95%</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

## COMPLIANCE SECTION



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**Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance and  
Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In  
Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

**Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and  
Members of the Town Council  
Edenton, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Edenton, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Town of Edenton's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2023.

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Edenton's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Edenton's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A

*significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Edenton's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA*

*Wilmington, North Carolina*

*October 26, 2023*



Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., P.A.  
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**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act**

**Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and  
Members of the City Council  
Town of Edenton, North Carolina

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited the Town of Edenton, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Edenton's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Town of Edenton's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Edenton complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Edenton and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Edenton's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Edenton federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Edenton's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Edenton's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town of Edenton compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Town of Edenton's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control

over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Edenton's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA  
Wilmington, North Carolina  
October 26, 2023



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**Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program; Report on Internal Control  
Over Compliance; With OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit  
Implementation Act**

**Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and  
Members of the Town Council  
Edenton, North Carolina

**Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program**

***Opinion on Each Major State Program***

We have audited the Town of Edenton, North Carolina, compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Edenton's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Town of Edenton's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Edenton complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Edenton and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. Our audit

does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Edenton's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Edenton State programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Edenton's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Edenton's compliance with the requirements of each major State program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town of Edenton's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Town of Edenton's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Edenton's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency *in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Thompson, Price, Scott, Adams & Co., PA*

*Wilmington, North Carolina*

*October 26, 2023*



Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

- Significant Deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses \_\_\_ yes X none reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs:  
Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act \_\_ yes X no

Identification of major State programs:

Program name

N.C. Department of Commerce:

Rural Infrastructure Program

COM-9

Golden Leaf Foundation

Dollar threshold used to determine a State major program

\$500,000

Auditee qualified as State as low-risk auditee? \_\_\_yes X no

Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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**Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

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None reported.

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**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

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None reported.

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**Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

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None reported.



# EDENTON

*North Carolina*

Town of Edenton, North Carolina  
Corrective Action Plan  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

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## **Section II - Financial Statement Findings**

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None reported.

**TOWN OF EDENTON, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing No.	State/ Pass-through Grantor's No.	Fed. (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Pass-through to subrecipients
<b>Federal Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Programs:</b>					
<u>U.S. Dept. of Agriculture</u>					
Community Facilities Loans and Grants (Note 4)	10.766		\$ 26,843	\$ -	\$ -
<u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u>					
Passed-through the N.C. Division of Aviation:					
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	36237.15.17.1	91,070	-	-
<u>U. S. Department of Treasury</u>					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		1,349,652	-	-
<u>U. S. Department of Homeland Security</u>					
Passed-through N.C. Department of Public Safety					
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)					
	97.036		42,114	-	-
Total assistance - federal programs					
			<u>1,509,679</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>State Grants:</b>					
<b>Cash Assistance:</b>					
<u>N.C. Department of Commerce:</u>					
Rural Infrastructure Program		COM-9	-	225,000	225,000
Housing Repairs		20-C3630	-	51,066	-
Golden Leaf Grant			-	216,909	-
<u>N.C. Office of State Budget and Management:</u>					
Harbor Town Ferry Project			-	115,377	-
<u>N.C. Department of Transportation:</u>					
Powell Bill		32570	-	246,814	-
Divison of Aviation:					
Airport Improvement Program		36244.22.8.1	-	76,963	-
Airport Improvement Program		36237.15.14.1	-	1,000	-
Airport Improvement Program		36237.15.16.1	-	56,312	-
Airport Improvement Program		36237.15.17.1	-	10,120	-
Total assistance - State programs					
			<u>-</u>	<u>999,561</u>	<u>225,000</u>
Total assistance					
			<u>\$ 1,509,679</u>	<u>\$ 999,561</u>	<u>\$ 225,000</u>

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Financial Awards:

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**Note 1: Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and State grant activity of the Town of Edenton under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Edenton, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Edenton.

**Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

**Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate**

The Town of Edenton has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note 4: Loans Outstanding**

The Town of Edenton had the following loan balances outstanding at June 30, 2023 for loans that the grantor/pass-through grantor has still imposed continuing compliance requirements. Loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year are included in the SEFSA. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2023 consist of:

<u>Program Title</u>	<u>Assistance Listing No.</u>	<u>Pass-through Grantor's Number</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding</u>
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	38-021-566001216	\$ 5,955,000
NCDEQ Loan		H-LRX-F-19-1944	\$ 1,505,434